

國立高雄師範大學 105 學年度學士班轉學生招生考試試題

系所別：數學系二、三年級

科 目：線性代數（全一頁）

※注意：1.不必抄題，作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在答案卷上，於本試題上作答者，不予計分。

2.限用藍色或黑色之鋼筆、原子筆作答，以鉛筆或其他顏色作答者不予計分。

- Let V and W be vector spaces over a field F with zero vectors θ_V and θ_W , respectively. Suppose that $\{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n\}$ is a basis for V and $T: V \rightarrow W$ is linear and one-to-one.
 - Show that $\{T(v_1), T(v_2), \dots, T(v_n)\}$ is linearly independent. (5%)
 - Show that $\text{R}(T) = \text{span}(\{T(v_1), T(v_2), \dots, T(v_n)\})$. (5%)
 - If $\dim W = n$, show that T is onto. (10%)
- Let $A \in M_{n \times n}(\mathbf{R})$. If A is invertible, show that $A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det(A)} \text{adj}(A)$. (20%)
- Suppose $T: \mathbf{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^2$ is a linear transformation and that $T(1,1) = (1,4), T(1,0) = (2,5)$.
 - What is $T(3,5)$? (4%)
 - What is the kernel of T ? (4%)
 - What is the image of T ? (4%)
 - Is T one to one? Explain your answer. (4%)
 - Is T onto? Explain your answer. (4%)
- Let $P_2 = \{a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 \mid a_0, a_1, a_2 \in \mathbf{R}\}$. Suppose $T: P_2 \rightarrow P_2$ is linear and defined by $T(ax^2 + bx + c) = cx^2 + bx + a$. Find a basis β of P_2 such that $[T]_\beta$ is a diagonal matrix. (20%)
- If U and W are subspaces of vector space V and $\dim(U) = 2$, show that either $U \subseteq W$ or $\dim(U \cap W) \leq 1$. (20%)